

4-7 NOVEMBER 2024  
ROTTERDAM, THE NETHERLANDS

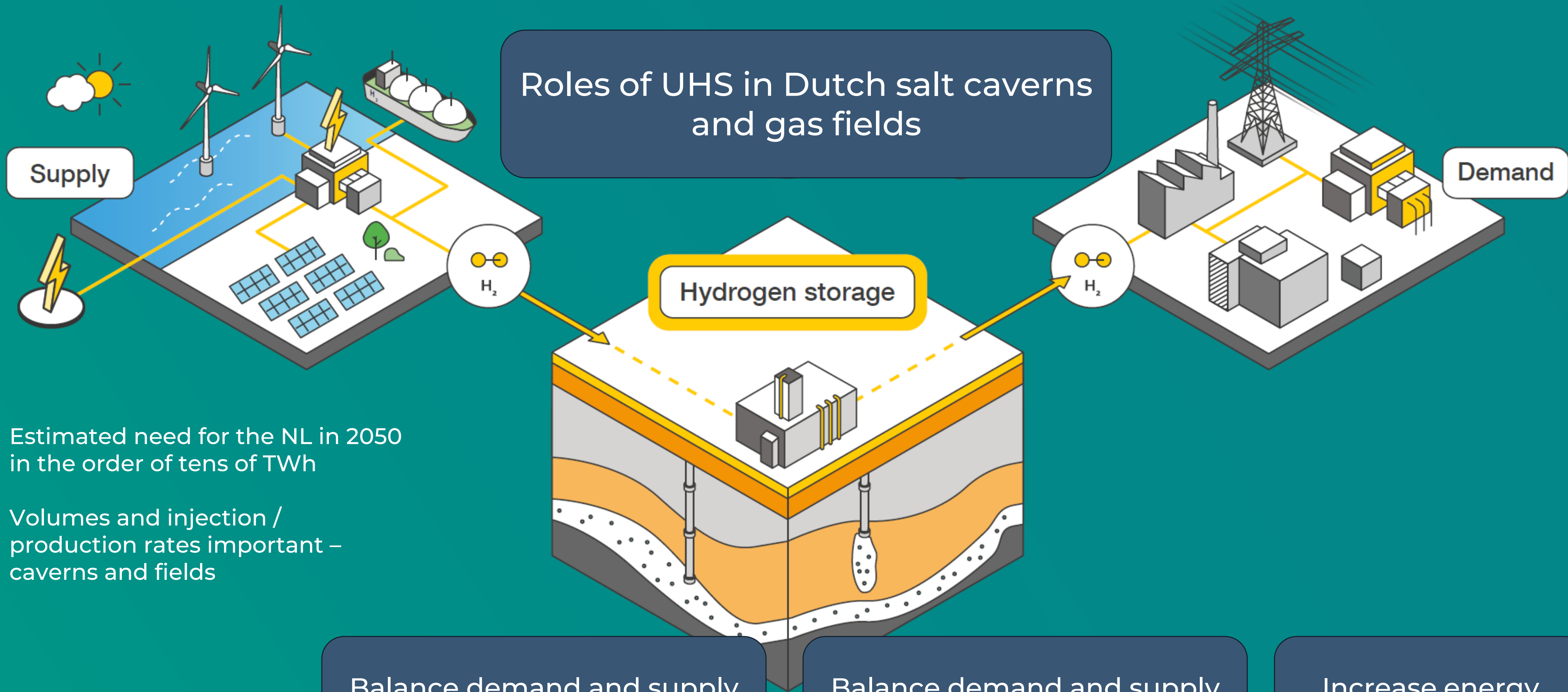
 GET 2024

# HYDROGEN & ENERGY STORAGE

CONFERENCE

## UNDERGROUND HYDROGEN STORAGE IN THE NETHERLANDS – CHALLENGES & OPPORTUNITIES

Bastiaan Jaarsma\*, Silke van Klaveren, Germonda Reijnen-Mooij,  
Michiel Damoiseaux, Marloes Kortekaas, Annemiek Asschert (all EBN)



Estimated need for the NL in 2050  
in the order of tens of TWh

Volumes and injection /  
production rates important –  
caverns and fields

Balance demand and supply  
of hydrogen

Balance demand and supply  
of sustainable energy

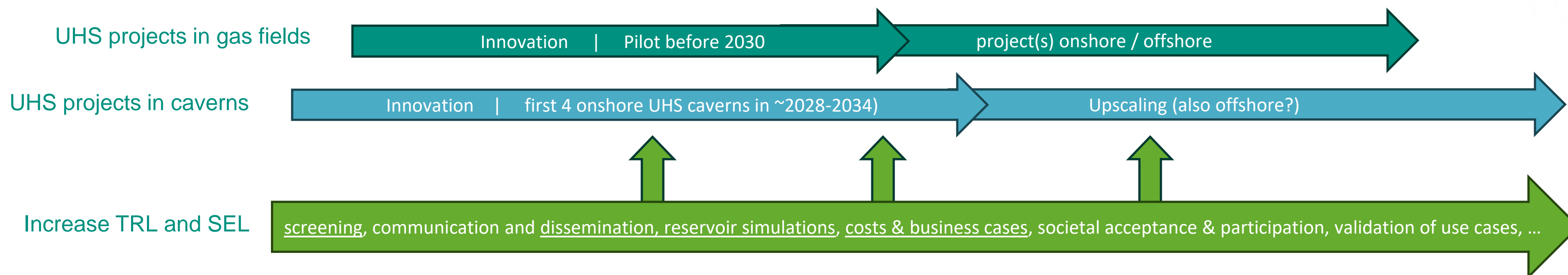
Increase energy  
independence

# CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

## For UHS in Dutch salt caverns and gas fields

- Immature H2 market, high costs and long lead times - insufficient incentives to invest
- Uncertainties in UHS needs – volumes and capacities (through time)
- Low to medium TRL and SEL (pilot needed)
- Planning in space and time challenging
- Public acceptance not a given
- Dutch subsurface, infrastructure and seaports offer potential for national and international storage of H2
- Governmental support (NL, EU)
- Strong R&D, workforce and international network
- Tradition of corporation between public and private companies

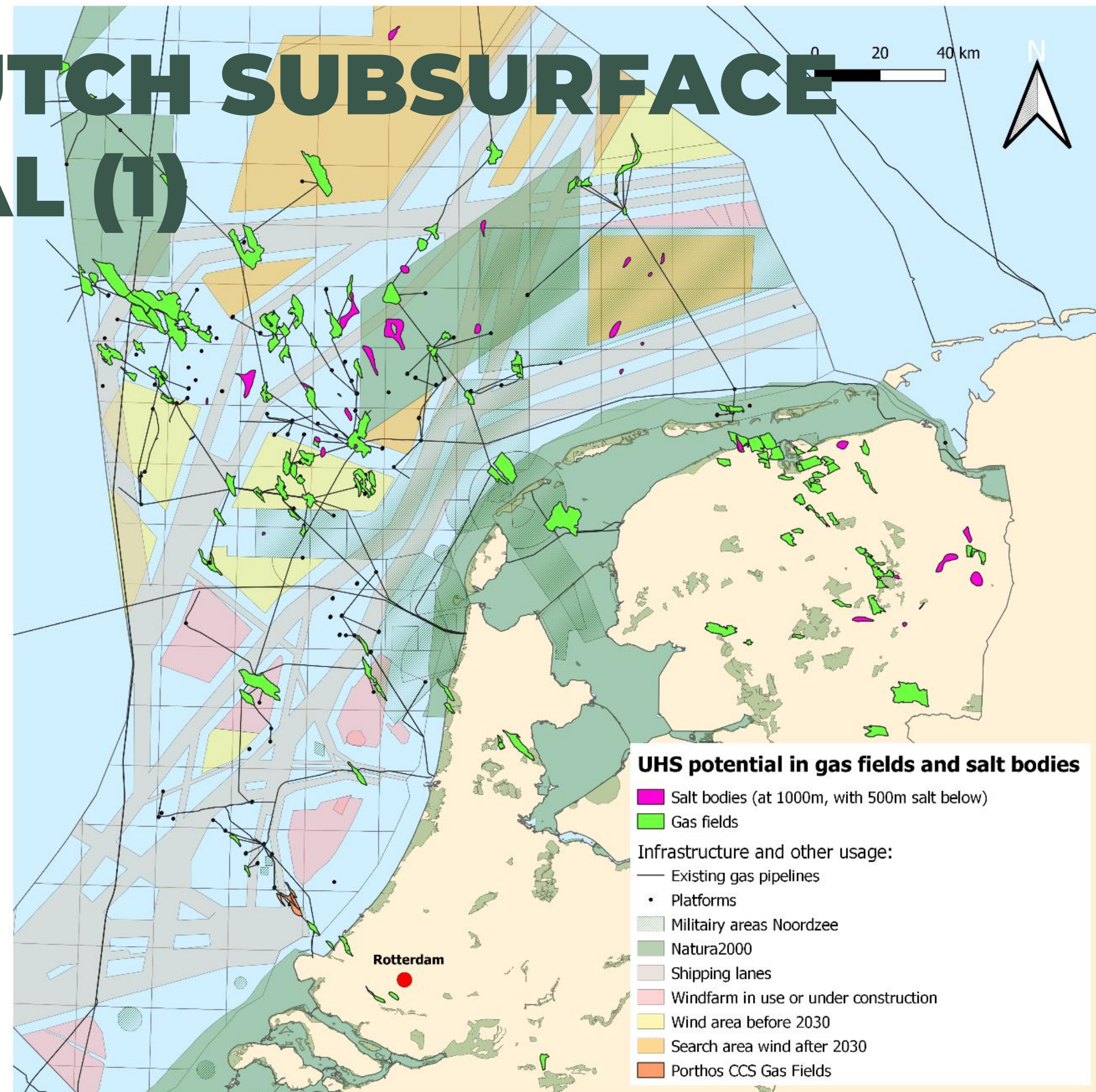
pros and cons of the UHS options must be clear for timely development of (pilot) projects



# SCREENING THE DUTCH SUBSURFACE FOR UHS POTENTIAL (1)

- Dutch subsurface offers large potential for storing energy in new salt caverns and in existing gas fields and UGS, onshore and offshore – 750 TWh\*
- Two-phase screening approach on multiple criteria:
  - High-level screening portfolio
  - Case-by-case analysis linked to future hydrogen valleys / use cases onshore and offshore and linked with advising of government

\* TNO/EBN (2019, 2021,2022)



Salt body contours are based on TNO DGMv5. Gas fields based on selection in TNO-EBN (2022)

# SCREENING THE DUTCH SUBSURFACE FOR UHS POTENTIAL (2)

- High-level screening Dutch gas field portfolio
- 300/567 fields do not pass criteria below
- Many opportunities, pilot needed soon

5 – Very suitable, no identified risks/unknowns

4 – Probably suitable, few identified risks/unknowns

3 – Possibly suitable, but identified risks/unknowns

2 – Probably not suitable, many identified risks/unknowns

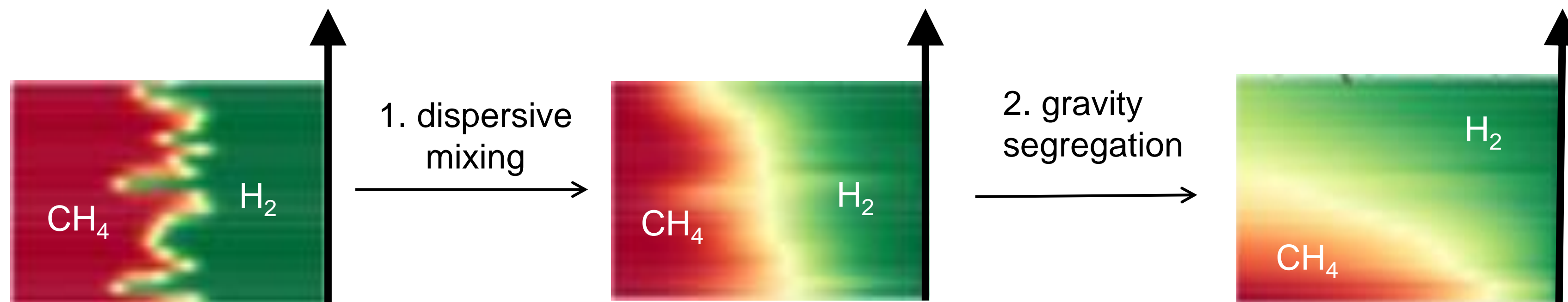
1 – Not suitable, too many identified risks/unknowns

Screening parameter	Unit	Why? Risk?	1	2	3	4	5
Fluid type		Leakage through seal		Oil			
Development phase		Leakage and accessibility through wells			Stranded, abandoned		
GIIP volume	bcm	Costs and functionality		>15	>7.5		
Temperature	°C	Microbial			<70		
Seismicity		Earthquakes		measured in field contour, 5km contour Groningen			
Stratigraphy		Leakage through seal/permeability risk		Chalk group, Upper North Sea group			
Age of wells	year	Leakage through legacy wells		Start production <1981			
High value of nature		High value of nature		Waddenzee			
More to come ...							

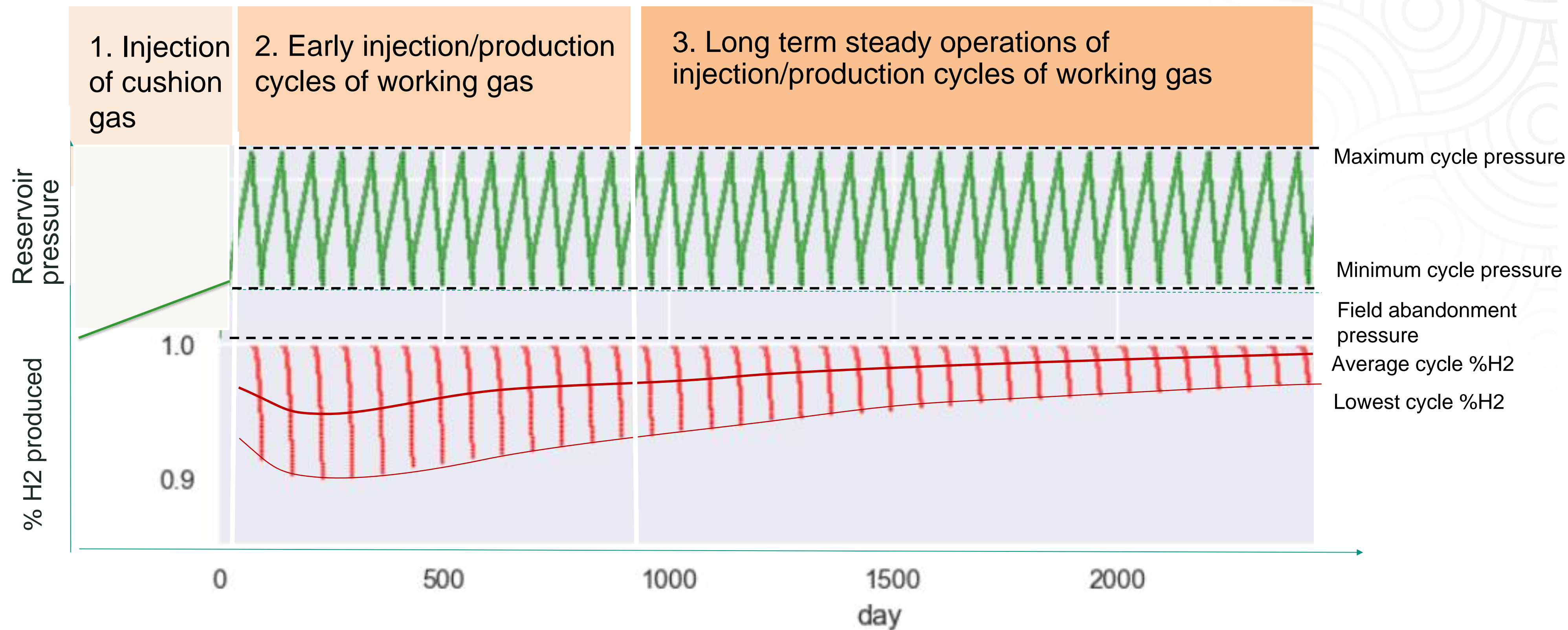
# SIMULATING RESERVOIR PERFORMANCE (1)

## Field potential determined by reservoir performance (rates and purity)

- Dynamic box modelling of a UHS with mixing, for representative reservoirs and operational setups
- Behavior of methane – hydrogen interface impacted by reservoir parameters (permeability, heterogeneity, reservoir dip, well position and completion)
  - more heterogeneity & faster cycling means faster mixing of methane and hydrogen
  - on longer timescales gravity segregation provides an opportunity to keep methane and hydrogen separate (horizontal wells?)

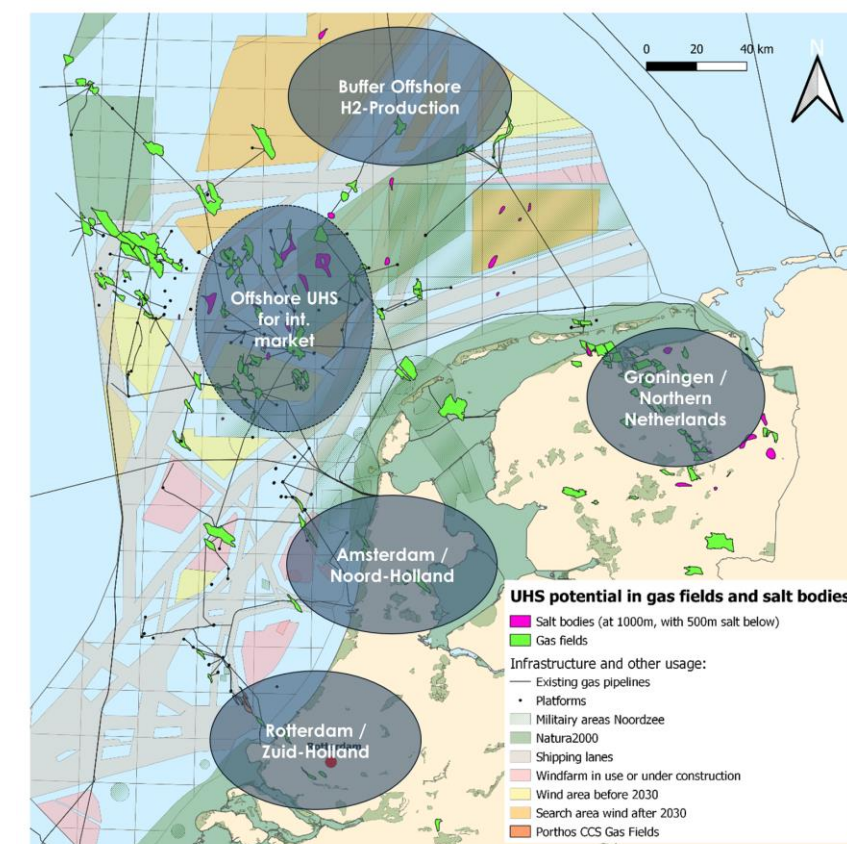
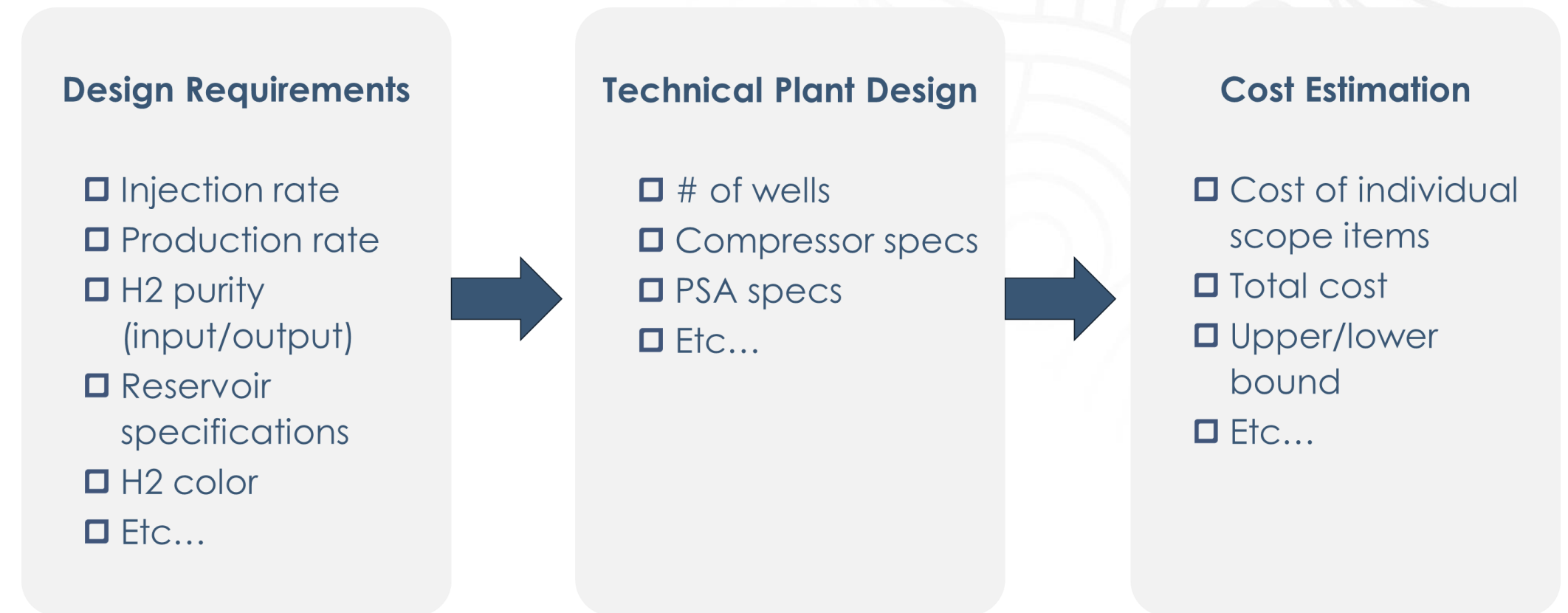


# SIMULATING RESERVOIR PERFORMANCE (2)



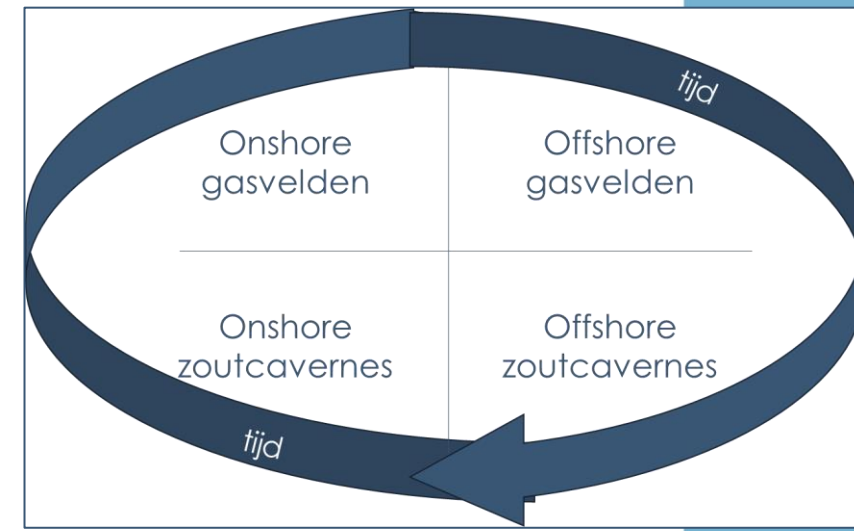
# UHS COST ESTIMATES & BUSINESS CASES

- Generic parametric cost model for UHS systems (caverns and gas fields)
- Facilitate analyses and decision making on (pilot) projects, yield insights on cost drivers and impact of design choice
- Next:
  - Business case model for use cases with raw (uncertain) inputs.
  - Get insights in feasibility and comparison between use cases, LCOHS, parameters for commercial projects, sensitivities.

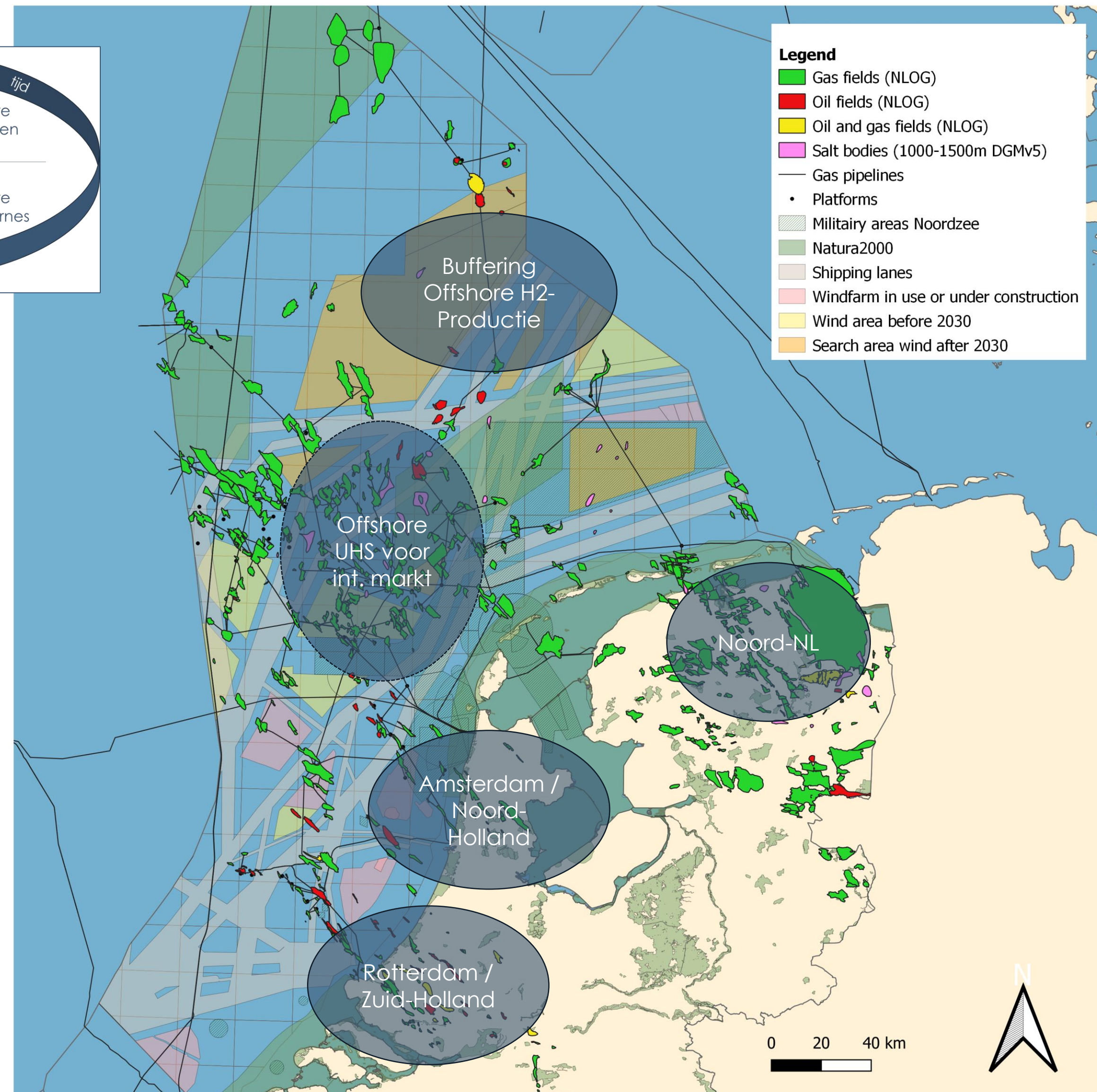




# UHS Clusters (Use Cases)



1. bufferen van import/productie en doorvoer/gebruik van waterstof in regio Rotterdam
- bufferen van import/productie en doorvoer/gebruik van waterstof in regio Amsterdam (i.r.t huidige UGS).
1. balanceren offshore waterstofproductie en –transport met cavernes en velden.
2. bufferen van import/productie en doorvoer/gebruik van waterstof in regio Noord-Nederland ook (i.r.t huidige UGS)
3. UHS in offshore gasvelden en/of cavernes voor internationale waterstofmarkt



# GEODE ATLAS



**TNO** innovation  
for life

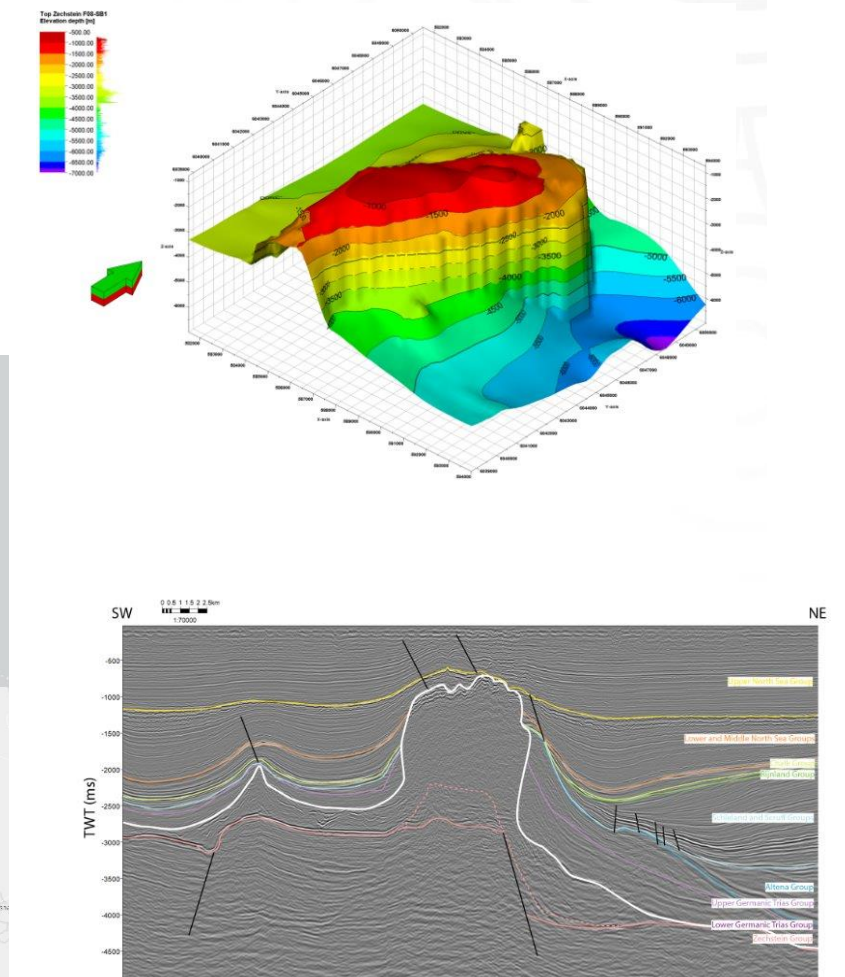
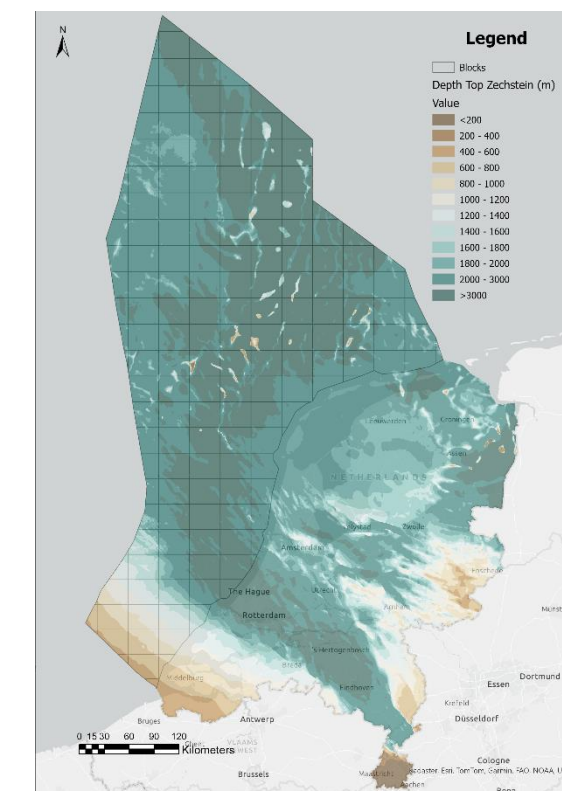


## Atlas of subsurface resources in the Netherlands

- Joint project of EBN B.V. and TNO to create an atlas of subsurface resources in the Netherlands.
- Easily accessible, free, web-based GIS environment where play-based exploration data is presented for the main hydrocarbon plays in the Netherlands and for saline aquifer CCS in the Dutch offshore.
- Online since November 2021, yearly updates and additions.
- Zechstein salt maps and factsheets for UHS will be added in November\*
- Visit our booth for more information



[www.geodeatlas.nl](http://www.geodeatlas.nl)

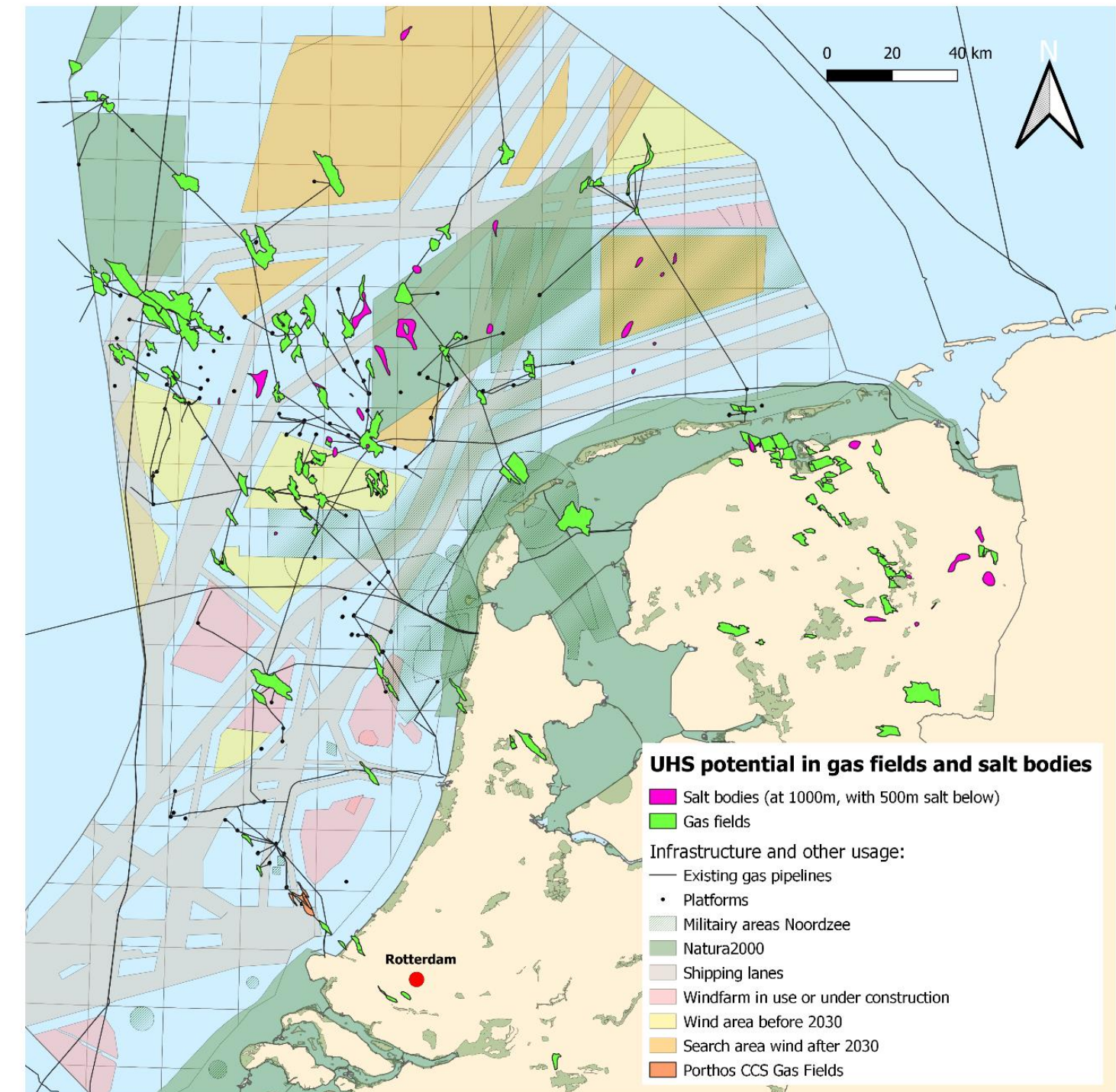


# SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS

- UHS will play key role in the Netherlands with multiple functions
- There are challenges for timely development of UHS
- There are opportunities for UHS in the Netherlands
- Pros and cons of the options for UHS must be clear for timely development of (pilot) projects, requiring
  - *Focused studies and pilot(s)*
  - *Government support*

[www.ebn.nl](http://www.ebn.nl)

[www.geodeatlas.nl](http://www.geodeatlas.nl)



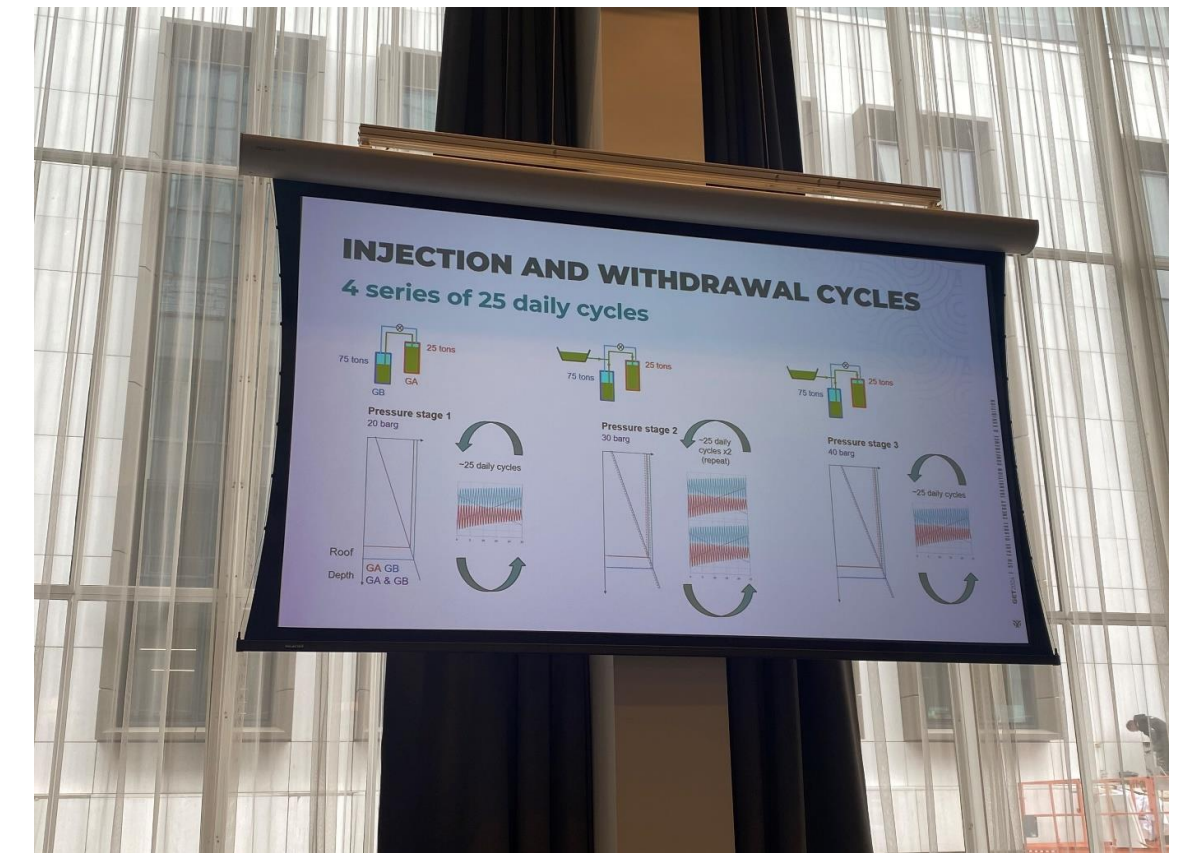
Salt body contours are based on TNO DGMv5.  
Gas fields based on selection in TNO-EBN (2022).

# Feedback GET conference Rotterdam 5-7 Nov '24



Many talks and conversations on UHS (pilot) projects in caverns and gasfields

- Use cases for UHS very similar or the same across the world
  - Storing hydrogen from excess electricity, produce back and use to generate electricity when demand peaks (Australia, Germany, Spain, UK (Austria and Hungary not presented))
- Most projects involve public companies and/or public money
- Many similarities in approach for UHS in gas fields
  - National scale screening of fields
  - (Lab) research and simulations of reservoir performance, microbial and chemical effects, containment, etc..
  - Pilot to de-risk and optimize large scale project(s)
- Societal acceptance key factor
- Government pull & push key
- Insights in the design of pilots
  
- Also very relevant: upcoming *TCP-42 UHS Confidence Level Report* (edited by TNO)



# REFERENCES

## All publicly available

- Damoiseaux et al, [2024] - *Screen for techno-economic and cost modelling of UHS. Presented at 3<sup>rd</sup> International Summer School on UHS, Edinburgh, 2024.*
- GEODE Atlas (EBN/TNO) – [www.geodeatlas.nl](http://www.geodeatlas.nl)
- Reijnen-Mooij et al. [2024] - *A Study of Underground Hydrogen Storage in 2D Box Models With Properties Comparable to Typical Depleted Gas Fields in the Netherlands (SPE-220013-MS)*
- TNO/EBN report [2019] - *Ondergrondse Opslag in NL: Technische Verkenning*
- TNO/EBN report [2021] - *Ondergrondse Energieopslag in NL 2030-2050; Technische evaluatie vraag en aanbod*
- TNO/EBN report [2022] - *Haalbaarheidsstudie Offshore Ondergrondse Waterstofopslag*
- Van Klaveren [2024] – internal EBN work